

EXERCISE 4

$$b = r_{xy} \cdot \frac{S_y}{S_x}$$

both are equal

$$\rightarrow 0.8 = r_{xy} \cdot 1$$

$$0.8 = r_{xy} \rightarrow r_{y1}^2 = 0.8^2 = 0.64$$

$$R^2_{y,12} = 0.64 + 0.24 = 0.88 \rightarrow R_{y,12} = \pm \sqrt{0.88} = 0.938$$

EXERCISE 2

a) $R^2_{Y,12} = \frac{SS_{\text{exp}}}{SS_T} = \frac{70}{50+60} = \frac{70}{110} = 0.636$

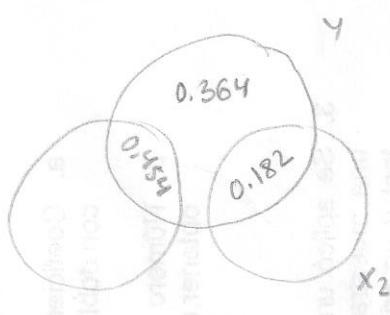
b) $SS_{\text{exp}} = 70 - 50 = 20$ because x_1 and x_2 don't correlate

$$SS_{\text{res}} = SS_T - SS_{\text{exp}} = 110 - 20 = 90$$

c) $R^2_{Y_1} = \frac{50}{110} = 0.454 \rightarrow r_{Y_1} = \pm \sqrt{0.454} = 0.674$

$$R^2_{Y_2} = \frac{20}{110} = 0.182 \rightarrow r_{Y_2} = \pm \sqrt{0.182} = 0.427$$

d)



$$1 - R^2_{Y,12} = 1 - 0.636 = 0.364$$

EXERCISE 3

a)

	SEMIP.	VIF.
x_1	-0.008	23.256
x_2	-0.11	23.256

$$r_{y_1}^2 = (-0.915)^2 = 0.837$$

$$r_{y_2}^2 = (-0.918)^2 = 0.843$$

$$R^2_{y,12} = 0.849$$

$$R^2_{y(1,2)} = R^2_{y,12} - r_{y_2}^2 = 0.849 - 0.843 = 0.006$$

$$R_y(1,2) = \sqrt{0.006} = -0.08 \quad \text{xq } b \text{ es negativa}$$

$$R^2_{y(2,1)} = R^2_{y,12} - r_{y_1}^2 = 0.849 - 0.837 = 0.012$$

$$R_y(2,1) = \sqrt{0.012} = -0.11 \quad \text{xq } b \text{ es negativa}$$

$$\text{VIF} = \frac{1}{\text{tolerance}} = \frac{1}{0.043} = 23.256$$

b) TOLERANCE = $1 - R^2_{ij}$ - correlation of the variable of interest with the other independent variables.

$$0.043 = 1 - R^2_{12}$$

$$0.043 - 1 = -R^2_{12}$$

$$0.957 = R^2_{12} \rightarrow r_{12} = \sqrt{0.957} = 0.978$$

positive sign because both variables present a negative relationship with y

EXERCISE 5

- a. No because $\text{sig.} > \alpha$
 $0.834 > 0.05$
- b. No because $\text{sig.} > \alpha$
 $0.569 > 0.05$
- c) Yes because in factor 1 & Gender, in Greenhouse-Geisser, $\text{sig.} < \alpha$
 $< 0.0001 < 0.05$
- d) 3 because the degrees of freedom in factor 1, Sphericity Assumed, is $2 = k - 1$, being k the number of groups or conditions (number of different types of words in this case).