## SCHOOL OF PSYCHOLOGY

UNIVERSITY OF SEVILLE

## DESIGN AND DATA ANALYSIS IN PSYCHOLOGY II (English group)

January, 2012
Partial 2

## Name:

Identification number :

Exercise 1. We want to study if being employed $\left(\mathrm{a}_{1}\right)$ or unemployed $\left(\mathrm{a}_{1}\right)$ implies different results in the level of depression. Groups were considered independent. Parametrical assumptions were not accepted.

|  | Level of depression |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employed | 3.8 | 2.1 | 0.8 | 2.6 | 1.3 |  | $\mathrm{n}_{1}=5$ |
| Unemployed | 3.2 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 6.8 | $\mathrm{n}_{1}=6$ |

Are there differences in the level of depression between employed and unemployed people? $(\alpha=0.05) .2 .5$ points.

Exercise 2. We have a random sample of 12 people, randomly distributed into three groups of 4 subjects each. We want to analyze the effect of three different gym methods ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ ) on physical endurance. The results are the following:

| Method |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 6 | 5 | 8 | 4 |
| B | 8 | 9 | 4 | 5 |
| C | 11 | 7 | 9 | 8 |

We know that the "within-group" sum of squares is 34,5 .
Are there differences between gym methods? If it is possible, can you specify between which concrete groups, using HSD Tukey? ( $\alpha=0.05$ ). 2 points.

Exercise 3. In a particular research on the topic of child and adolescent obesity in Spain we have studied a sample of 150 boys and girls with obesity. Among other variables we have considered the following: Age ( $0=$ until 9 years old, $1=$ from 10 to 18 years old), Sex ( $0=$ girl, $1=b o y$ ), Academic performance and Bulling. Using Bulling as the variable to be explained and the others as
predictors, we obtain the following information after a multiple regression analysis:

Coefficients ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  |  | Non standardized <br> coefficients |  | Standardized <br> coefficients |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model |  | B |  | Stand. Error | Beta | t |
| 1 | (Constant) | 11.662 | 2.584 |  | 4.513 | Sig. |
|  | Sex | -5.141 | 1.451 | -.283 | -3.545 | .000 |
|  | Age | 4.301 | 1.466 | .233 | 2.934 | .004 |
|  | Acad. Perf. | 1.041 | .358 | .222 | 2.912 | .004 |

a. Dependent variable: Bulling
a) Specify the regression equation in raw scores and standardized scores. 1 point.
b) Interpret the regression coefficients of the equation in raw scores. Which are significant and why? $(\alpha=0.05) .1$ point.
c) Calculate the mean score in Bulling (measured in points) of a boy of 13 years old with 4 points in academic performance. 1 point.

Exercise 4. We know the following information:


We know that $r_{y .12}=0,9$. Calculate the proportions of variability represented by the letters $a, b, c, d$ and $e$ in the following diagram: 2.5 points.


